

WILDLIFE TRAVEL



Dorset 2022

Dorset, species list and trip report, 26th to 30th September 2022

#	DATE	LOCATIONS AND NOTES
1	26 th	Arrive at Kingston.
2	27 th	Hartland Moor, Durdle Door, and Lulworth Cove.
3	28 th	Tout Quarry, Portland Bill, and Lodmoor Nature Reserve.
4	29 th	Brownsea Island.
5	30 th	Head homewards from Kingston.

Leaders

Dr Phil Saunders
Laurie Jackson

Dorset
Sussex



Cover: Portland Bill lighthouse. Above: overlooking Chesil Beach.

A gallery of photos from the trip is at

<https://www.flickr.com/photos/wildlifetravel/albums/72177720302648188>

Day One: 26th September. Arrive at Kingston.

Our group arrived at the Kingston County Courtyard Hotel, our base for the next few days, having climbed the hill from nearby Corfe Castle. The prominent location of Kingston village provided amazing views over Corfe Castle and the Purbeck ridge that it straddles. Upon arrival, some of our party took the opportunity to explore the local countryside in the afternoon sunshine, prior to our first day in the field on the morrow. Our group met Phil and Laurie (their guides for the trip) before dinner, with introductions made by all and our itinerary for the next few days discussed, prior to heading to bed, looking forward to a day on the Dorset heathlands.

Day Two: 27th September. Hartland Moor, Durdle Door, and Lulworth Cove.

Our morning was spent exploring the wild and windswept landscape of Hartland Moor and the Purbeck Heaths National Nature Reserve (NNR). The breezy and overcast weather provided a fitting backdrop for the rugged landscape, even if it did mean that insects and birds, in particular, were hard to come by. During our walk across the moor Phil outlined the history and management of the Dorset heaths, and excitedly discussed the recent designation of the huge “mega-reserve” of the Purbeck Heaths NNR.

We got to grips with the main heathland shrubs as we ambled along, including four species of heath *Calluna/Erica* spp. the most exciting of which was the still-flowering Dorset Heath *Erica ciliaris* (alongside several lookalike hybrids). This rare species is largely restricted to Dorset within the UK and is just one of the many special species found on the Isle of Purbeck. Flowering gorse *Ulex* sp. and Reindeer lichen *Cladonia* sp. created colourful tapestries amongst the heathers and heaths, and we also spent some time extolling the virtues of the invertebrate communities of the abundant cow pats!

Despite the recent dry conditions, Mary still managed to find a wetter area supporting two different species of sundew *Drosera* sp.. These fascinating carnivorous plants are widespread on Purbeck’s mire sites, and their candyfloss pink highlights and sparkling “dew” provided a wonderful accent against the boggy greens and browns. A diminutively fierce Devil’s Coach-horse beetle crossed the track in front of us as we cut across the moor, and three Woodlark gave their fluty call as we flushed them from the trackside. Meadow Pipits and Stonechats were abundant amongst heather and gorse, and family parties of Raven and a lone Kestrel were noted flying overhead. Fortune favoured the brave, as the rainclouds which had been threatening all morning finally broke as we reached the minibus and enjoyed our first picnic lunch.

Once satiated we headed westwards from Purbeck and took in the amazing scenery and geology of the Jurassic coast. We started at Durdle Door and Man-o-War Beach, where the impressively eroded archway of the Door proved a fine sight (sparking a fantastic discussion of A-level geography!) The site was busy with visitors and school groups, but we still enjoyed the spectacle of a young Hobby briefly hawking overhead, a peach-coloured Whinchat hiding amongst a veritable flock of Stonechats, and a constant stream of migrating Swallows and martins. Our subsequent wander down the coast path took in more impressive scenery, ending at Lulworth Cove and a much-appreciated ice cream parlour. Tired but happy, we then returned to the hotel for our first evening meal and a contemplation on the morrow’s trip to Portland.

Day Three: 28th September. Tout Quarry, Portland Bill and Lodmoor Nature Reserve.

The magical island of Portland rose from the sea like a mini-Gibraltar as we approached it through the winding roads of Weymouth first thing. Our drive across Ferrybridge and Chesil Beach allowed us to appreciate the sheer scale of the shingle peninsula, Portland Harbour, and the impressively towering East Cliffs. Arriving on the island, we made our way to Tout Quarry Nature Reserve, where a Peregrine soared overhead, a migrant Wheatear (spotted by Carol) kept a wary eye on us from the quarry slope, and overflying parties of Meadow Pipits reminded us that it was migration time.

Once out of the wind, sunny spots of flowering Ivy *Hedera helix* were alive with insects, and we took some time discussing the differences between Ivy Bees *Colletes hederæ* and Honey Bees *Apis mellifera*, and the two species of bee-mimicking drone-flies *Eristalis* spp., that nectared alongside one another. Scrambling along one of the quarry's narrow paths, a break in the wall provided us with an amazing view back over Chesil Beach and The Fleet, and here Phil explained a bit about the theories behind the formation of these amazing landforms. The equally beautiful and bizarre sculptures found within the quarry's Sculpture Park provided further discussion as we ambled back to the waiting minibus.

We then headed down to Portland Bill itself, at the southern extremity of the island, and spent some time exploring the coastal zone between the Old and New Lighthouses, taking in both the Obelisk and Pulpit Rock. The windy conditions meant that migrant land birds were unfortunately scarce, but we still enjoyed encounters with some friendly Rock Pipits, and noted Kittiwakes, Gannets, and a Little Egret over the sea. After another picnic lunch we wandered up to the Bird Observatory, located in the Old Lighthouse. Both Wall and Common Blue butterflies were noted en route, as a couple of the local Kestrels perching obligingly on nearby telephone poles.

The ringing nets at the Observatory were similarly bird-less, but Martin Cade (the Observatory's long-standing Warden) kindly allowed us to rummage through the contents of the moth trap that he had run the previous evening. Amongst the egg boxes we found a variety of beautiful species, including Angle Shades, Feathered Ranunculus, and Brimstone Moth. Local rarities included Beautiful Gothic and Feathered Brindle, and migrants were also well represented (with several of the group marvelling that such tiny insects could travel so far).

Saying goodbye to Portland, we then headed to the sublime urban nature reserve of RSPB Lodmoor in nearby Weymouth. Here we first had amazing views of a juvenile Red-backed Shrike (a rare migrant in Dorset) that had been hanging around an area adjacent to the reserve for the previous week or so, before we wandered across to the Reserve proper.

A smorgasbord of waders and herons awaited us there, including a fantastic juvenile Spoonbill which flew in and began manically feeding out in the open water. Curlew Sandpipers, Ruff, and Black-tailed Godwits all fed amongst the mud and glasswort *Salicornia* sp., often almost within touching distance of where we stood, whilst stately Great White Egrets hunted the shallows alongside their Little Egret cousins. Hundreds of Mediterranean Gulls also loafed in the shallow pools amongst smaller numbers of Black-headed and Common Gulls, providing several of us with an excellent lesson in Gull identification. Filled to the brim with ornithological memories, we returned to Kingston for some much-needed scrum.

Day Four: 29th September. Brownsea Island.

A slightly earlier start today to beat the traffic into Poole saw us arrive at Poole Quay with oodles of time to spare, prior to our morning ferry over to Brownsea Island. Fortunately, we were able to jump onto an earlier ferry and spend even more time exploring this jewel of an island within Poole Harbour.

Before we'd even disembarked a Peregrine soared overhead and a Kingfisher flew across the neighbouring Quayside and, having checked in with the National Trust, we spent some time exploring Brownsea Lagoon via the various hides spread along its length.

We were treated to wonderful views of Avocets, Redshanks, Greenshanks, and Black- and Bar-tailed Godwits, alongside nine other species of wader, as birds arrived at the lagoon over high tide. Sandwich Terns loafed amongst the gulls, and more than 70 Spoonbill sojourned on one of the islands, whilst a small group of introduced Sika deer grazed amongst the fringing reeds and rushes.

Leaving the hides, we headed to the Dorset Wildlife Trust's visitor centre for a picnic lunch. En route we met our first Red Squirrels of the day (one of the special animals of Brownsea) and were treated to wonderful views of these charismatic creatures as they sought to bury acorns from this year's bumper crop (we ended up counting more than ten across the course of the day).

Lunch was spent overlooking a selection of bird feeders, where clumsy Woodpigeons and Pheasants entertained us alongside a constant procession of Nuthatches, tits, and finches. Finishing lunch we headed back towards the boardwalk, where Anne spotted a Common Lizard alongside a small pond alive with mating Common Darter dragonflies. We again encountered confiding Red Squirrels here, plus some interesting fungi on the decaying Beech *Fagus sylvatica* trees. Here we split, with several of the group preferring a shorter wander along the island's many paths. The remainder of us undertook a sedate loop of the island, taking in multiple conservation work parties amongst the diverse woodland and heathland habitat.

Stately Peacocks were frequently seen amongst the patchwork of habitats, and eagle-eyed Anne spotted a Silver-Y moth amongst the pathside heather (flushing another Common Lizard whilst she attempted to point it out to the rest of the party!). We also took in the remains of Maryland village and the island's old potteries, gone to rack and ruin after fires and evictions, and saw the historic founding site of Baden-Powell's Scout movement.

Viewing westwards across Poole Harbour from Pottery Pier, our party was incredibly fortunate to encounter not one, but two, huge White-tailed Eagles soaring distantly above the Arne Peninsula. We managed to see these birds (originating from the Isle of Wight reintroduction project) in the telescope, with the white tail of one older bird proving particularly striking. A few of us also saw a distant Marsh Harrier quartering the reedbeds of the western harbour.

The last section of our loop saw us taking in a wonderfully showy Firecrest, which glowed like a jewel as it sang from a pathside tree. Re-joining the rest of the group, we enjoyed a quick cuppa in the National Trust café prior to bidding *au revoir* to Brownsea and heading back to our minibus on the Poole quayside.

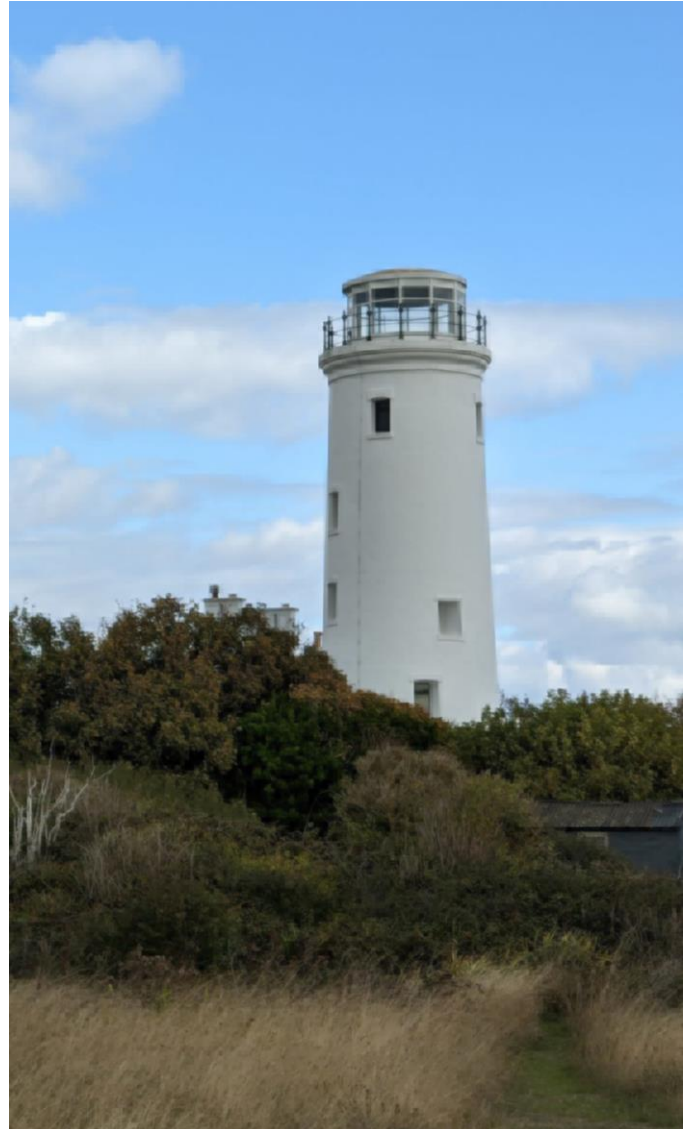
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A few people spotted more Sika Deer in roadside the fields from the minibus on the drive back to the hotel, where we enjoyed our final meal of the trip and Phil bade us goodbye.

Day Five: 30th September. Depart Kingston.

After one last breakfast we said farewell to the friendly staff of the Kingston Country Courtyard Hotel and headed homeward from the beautiful Isle of Purbeck, keen to return in the future.

Phil Saunders, Wildlife Travel. October 2022.



Top to bottom: Lulworth Cove ; Portland Bird Observatory; Durdle Door (all Phil Saunders).



Top to bottom: Red-backed Shrike (Phil Saunders); Brown-banded Carder Bee; Angle Shades (Phil Saunders); Black Rustic; Ivy Bee.

Selected Plant Species

Some plant species do not have English names and English names vary according to author. A common name is given as a guide to help those who are not familiar with the scientific name. The **Scientific name** consists of the **Genus** (the first name starting with a capital) and the **species** (the second name, without a capital). The English name of a family member is also given so you can relate the family to plants you may know. Some species have recently been transferred to different families and the names of species also change occasionally. For families and species, the list follows the (up to date as much as possible) Plant List (Kew) and INPI classification (although for orchids, popular names are sometimes also given).

SCIENTIFIC NAME	ENGLISH NAME	
FERNS		
<i>Asplenium scolopendrium</i>	Harts-tongue Fern	Tout Quarry
Pinaceae (Pine family)		
<i>Pinus radiata</i>	Monterey Pine	Brownsea Island
DICOTS		
Amaranthaceae (Amaranth Family)		
<i>Salicornia sp</i>	Glasswort	Lodmoor RSPB
Apiaceae (Carrot family)		
<i>Daucus carota ssp gummifer</i>	Wild Carrot (Sea Carrot)	
<i>Foeniculum vulgare</i>	Fennel	
<i>Oenanthe pimpinelloides</i>	Corky-fruited Water Dropwort	
<i>Pastinaca sativa</i>	Wild Parsnip	
<i>Smyrniolum olusatrum</i>	Alexanders	
<i>Torilis nodosa</i>	Knotted Hedge Parsley	
Asteraceae (Daisy family)		
<i>Aster tripolium</i>	Sea Aster	Lulworth Cove
<i>Carlina vulgaris</i>	Carlina Thistle	Tout Quarry
<i>Centaurea nigra</i>	Common Knapweed	Portland Bill
<i>Crepis paludosa</i>	Marsh Hawks-beard	Hartland Moor
<i>Eupatorium cannabinum</i>	Hemp Agrimony	Portland Bill
<i>Hypochaeris radicata</i>	Common Cat's-ear	Hartland Moor
<i>Inula crithmoides</i>	Golden Samphire	Portland Bill
<i>Pulicaria dysenterica</i>	Common Fleabane	Hartland Moor
<i>Senecio jacobaea</i>	Common Ragwort	Durdle Door/Lulworth Cove
<i>Tripleurospermum maritimum</i>	Sea Mayweed	Portland Bill
Boraginaceae (Borage family)		
<i>Echium vulgare</i>	Viper's-bugloss	Tout Quarry
<i>Cynoglossum officinale</i>	Hound's-tongue	
Brassicaceae (Cabbage family)		
<i>Diplotaxis tenuifolia</i>	Perennial Wall Rocket	Tout Quarry
Caprifoliaceae (Honeysuckle family)		
<i>Lonicera periclymenum</i>	Honeysuckle	Brownsea Island

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Caryophyllaceae (Campion family)		
<i>Spergularia rupicola</i>	Rock Sea-Spurrey	Portland Bill
<i>Stellaria graminea</i>	Lesser Stitchwort	Hartland Moor
Cistaceae (Rock-rose family)		
<i>Helianthemum nummularium</i>	Common Rock-rose	Hartland Moor
Convolvulaceae (Bindweed family)		
<i>Cuscuta epithymum</i>	Common Dodder	Hartland Moor (parasitic)
Dipsacaceae (Teasel family)		
<i>Dispacus fullonum</i>	Wild Teasel	Durdle Door/Lulworth Cove
<i>Scabiosa columbaria</i>	Small Scabious	Tout Quarry
<i>Succisa pratensis</i>	Devil's-bit Scabious	Hartland Moor
Droseraceae (Sundew family)		
<i>Drosera intermedia</i>	Oblong-leaved Sundew	Hartland Moor (long leaves)
<i>Drosera rotundifolia</i>	Round-leaved Sundew	Hartland Moor (round leaves)
Ericaceae (Heath family)		
<i>Arbutus unedo</i>	Strawberry Tree	Brownsea Island
<i>Calluna vulgaris</i>	Heather	Hartland Moor, Brownsea Island
<i>Erica tetralix</i>	Cross-leaved Heath	Hartland Moor
<i>Erica cinerea</i>	Bell Heather	Hartland Moor, Brownsea Island
<i>Erica ciliaris</i>	Dorset Heath	Hartland Moor
<i>Rhododendron ponticum</i>	Rhododendron	Brownsea Island
Fabaceae (Pea family)		
<i>Lotus corniculatus</i>	Bird's-foot-trefoil	Portland Bill
<i>Melilotus officinalis</i>	Ribbed Melilot	Portland Bill
Gentianaceae (Gentian family)		
<i>Blackstonia perfoliata</i>	Yellow-wort	
<i>Centaureum erythraea</i>	Common Centaury	Hartland Moor
Hypericaceae (St John's Wort family)		
<i>Hypericum androsaemum</i>	Tutsan	Brownsea Island
Lamiaceae (Dead Nettle family)		
<i>Salvia verbenaca</i>	Wild Clary	
<i>Teucrium scorodonia</i>	Wood Sage	Tout Quarry
<i>Prunella vulgaris</i>	Self-heal	Hartland Moor/Lulworth Moor
Malvaceae (Mallow family)		
<i>Lavatera arborea</i>	Tree Mallow	Portland Bill
Orobanchaceae (Broomrape family)		
<i>Euphrasia nemorosa</i> agg.	Eyebright	Hartland Moor
<i>Odontites vernus</i>	Red Bartsia	
<i>Orobanche minor</i>	Common Broomrape	
<i>Orobanche hederacea</i>	Ivy Broomrape	
<i>Rhinanthus minor</i>	Yellow Rattle	

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Plantaginaceae (Plantain family)		
<i>Plantago coronopus</i>	Bucks-horn Plantain	Portland Bill
<i>Plantago maritima</i>	Sea Plantain	
<i>Plantago media</i>	Hoary Plantain	
Plumbaginaceae (Sea Lavender family)		
<i>Armeria maritima</i>	Thrift	Portland Bill
Polygalaceae (Milwort family)		
<i>Polygala serpyllifolia</i>	Heath Milkwort	Hartland Moor
Polygonaceae (Dock family)		
<i>Persicaria maculosa</i>	Redshank	Hartland Moor
Resedaceae (Mignonette family)		
<i>Reseda luteola</i>	Weld	Portland Bill
Rosaceae (Rose family)		
<i>Agrimonia eupatoria</i>	Agrimony	Portland Bill
<i>Cotoneaster sp.</i>	Cotoneaster	Durdle Door/Lulworth Cove
Rubiaceae (Madder family)		
<i>Asperula cynanchica</i>	Squinancywort	
<i>Galium saxatile</i>	Heath Bedstraw	
<i>Galium verum</i>	Lady's Bedstraw	
<i>Rubia peregrina</i>	Wild Madder	Tout Quarry
Tamaricaceae (Tamarisk family)		
<i>Tamarix gallica</i>	French Tamarisk	Portland Bill
Valerianaceae (Valerian family)		
<i>Centranthus ruber</i>	Red Valerian	Durdle Door/Lulworth, Portland
MONOCOTS		
Amaryllidaceae (Onion family)		
<i>Allium vineale</i>	Crow Garlic	
Araceae (Arum family)		
<i>Lysichiton americanus</i>	Skunk Cabbage	Brownsea Island
Cyperaceae (Sedge Family)		
<i>Eriophorum sp</i>	Cotton grass sp	Hartland Moor
<i>Trichophorum cespitosum</i>	Deer grass	Hartland Moor
Iridaceae (Iris Family)		
<i>Iris foetidissima</i>	Stinking Iris	Durdle Door/Lulworth Cove, Portland Bill
Orchidaceae (Orchid Family)		
<i>Spiranthes spiralis</i>	Autumn Lady's-tresses	
LICHEN & FUNGI		
<i>Cladonia sp</i>	Reindeer lichen	Hartland Moor
<i>Oudemansiella mucida</i>	Porcelain Fungus	Brownsea island

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Family Anatidae (Ducks, Geese & Swans)							
Mute Swan	<i>Cygnus olor</i>			x	x		
Canada Goose	<i>Branta canadensis</i>			x			
Shelduck	<i>Tadorna tadorna</i>				x		
Mallard	<i>Anas platyrhnhos</i>			x	x		
Shoveler	<i>Anas clypeata</i>				x		
Wigeon	<i>Anas penelope</i>			x	x		
Teal	<i>Anas crecca</i>			x	x		
Family Phasianidae (Pheasants and Partridges)							
Common Peafowl	<i>Pavo cristatus</i>	Feral birds on Brownsea Island					
Ring-necked Pheasant	<i>Phasianus colchicus</i>		x		x		
Family Sulidae (Gannets)							
Gannet	<i>Morus bassanus</i>			x			
Family Phalacrocoracidae (Cormorants)							
Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax carbo</i>		x	x	x		
European Shag	<i>Phalacrocorax aristotelis</i>		x	x	x		
Family Ardeidae (Hérons)							
Little Egret	<i>Egretta garzetta</i>			x	x		
Great White Egret	<i>Ardea alba</i>			x			
Grey Heron	<i>Ardea cinerea</i>			x	x		
Family Threskiornithidae (Spoonbills and Ibises)							
Spoonbill	<i>Platalea leucorodia</i>			x	x		
Family Accipitridae (Hawks and Eagles)							
Marsh Harrier	<i>Circus aeruginosus</i>				x		
Sparrowhawk	<i>Accipiter nisus</i>		x				
White-tailed Eagle	<i>Haliaaetus albicilla</i>	2 wandering birds from the Isle of Wight re-introduction project in Poole Harbour					
Common Buzzard	<i>Buteo buteo</i>		x		x		
Family Falconidae (Falcons)							
Peregrine	<i>Falco peregrinus</i>			x	x		
Kestrel	<i>Falco tinnunculus</i>		x	x			
Hobby	<i>Falco subbuteo</i>		x				
Family Laniidae (Shrikes)							
Red-backed Shrike	<i>Lanius collurio</i>	One at Lodmoor, a scarce migrant					
Family Rallidae (Rails and Crakes)							
Water Rail	<i>Rallus aquaticus</i>			h	h		
Moorhen	<i>Gallinula chloropus</i>			x	x		
Family Recurvirostridae (Avocets and Stilts)							
Avocet	<i>Recurvirostra avosetta</i>				x		
Family Haematopidae (Oystercatchers)							

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Oystercatcher	<i>Haematopus ostralegus</i>				x		
Family Charadriidae (Plovers)							
Grey Plover	<i>Pluvialis squatarola</i>				x		
Northern Lapwing	<i>Vanellus vanellus</i>			x	x		
Ringed Plover	<i>Charadrius hiaticula</i>			x	x		
Family Scolopacidae (Sandpipers)							
Eurasian Curlew	<i>Numenius arqueta</i>				x		
Black-tailed Godwit	<i>Limosa limosa</i>			x	x		
Bar-tailed Godwit	<i>Limosa lapponica</i>				x		
Turnstone	<i>Arianaria interpres</i>				x		
Knot	<i>Calidris canutus</i>				x		
Ruff	<i>Calidris pugnax</i>			x			
Curlew Sandpiper	<i>Calidris ferruginea</i>			x	x		
Dunlin	<i>Calidris alpina</i>			x	x		
Common Sandpiper	<i>Actitis hypoleucos</i>			x			
Redshank	<i>Tringa totanus</i>			x	x		
Greenshank	<i>Tringa nebularia</i>				x		
Family Laridae (Gulls)							
Herring Gull	<i>Larus argentatus</i>		x	x	x		
Lesser Black-backed Gull	<i>Larus fuscus</i>			x			
Great Black-backed Gull	<i>Larus maritimus</i>		x	x	x		
Common Gull	<i>Larus canus</i>			x			
Mediterranean Gull	<i>Ichthyaeetus melanocephalus</i>			x			
Black-headed Gull	<i>Chroicocephalus ridibundus</i>			x	x		
Kittiwake	<i>Rissa tridactyla</i>			x			
Family Sternidae (Terns)							
Sandwich Tern	<i>Thalasseus sandvicensis</i>				x		
Family Columbidae (Pigeons and Doves)							
Feral Pigeon	<i>Columba livia</i>			x	x		
Woodpigeon	<i>Columba palumbus</i>		x	x	x		
Collared Dove	<i>Streptopelia decaocto</i>		x	x	x		
Family Strigidae (Owls)							
Tawny Owl	<i>Strix aluco</i>	h	h	h	h		
Family Alcedinidae (Kingfishers)							
Kingfisher	<i>Alcedo atthis</i>			x	x		
Family Picidae (Woodpeckers)							
Great Spotted Woodpecker	<i>Dendrocopos major</i>				x		
Family Alaudidae (Larks)							
Wood Lark	<i>Lullula arborea</i>		x				
Family Hirundinidae (Swallows and Martins)							
House Martin	<i>Delichon urbica</i>		x		x		
Swallow	<i>Hirundo rustica</i>		x	x	x		

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Sand Martin	<i>Riparia riparia</i>		x				
Family Motacillidae (Pipits and Wagtails)							
Meadow Pipit	<i>Anthus pratensis</i>		x	x	x		
Rock Pipit	<i>Anthus petrosus</i>		x	x			
Pied Wagtail	<i>Motacilla alba yarrellii</i>		x	x	x		
Grey Wagtail	<i>Motacilla cinerea</i>		x				
Family Troglodytidae (Wrens)							
Wren	<i>Troglodytes troglodytes</i>		x	x	x		
Family Prunellidae (Accentors)							
Dunnock	<i>Prunella modularis</i>		x	x	x		
Family Muscicapidae (Chats and Flycatchers)							
Robin	<i>Erithacus rubecula</i>		x	x	x		
Stonechat	<i>Saxicola torquata</i>		x				
Whinchat	<i>Saxicola rubetra</i>		x				
Northern Wheatear	<i>Oenanthe oenanthe</i>			x			
Family Turdidae (Thrushes)							
Blackbird	<i>Turdus merula</i>		x	x	x		
Song Thrush	<i>Turdus philomelos</i>		x	h			
Family Sylviidae (Sylviid Warblers)							
Blackcap	<i>Sylvia atricapilla</i>				x		
Family Scotocercidae (Bush Warblers)							
Cetti's Warbler	<i>Cettia cetti</i>			h			
Family Phylloscopidae (Leaf Warblers)							
Common Chiffchaff	<i>Phylloscopus collybita</i>		x	x	x		
Willow Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus trochilus</i>		x				
Family Regulidae (Kinglets)							
Goldcrest	<i>Regulus regulus</i>		x	h	x		
Firecrest	<i>Regulus ignicapillus</i>				x		
Family Aegithalidae (Long-tailed Tits)							
Long-tailed Tit	<i>Aegithalos caudatus</i>			x	x		
Family Paridae (Tits)							
Coal Tit	<i>Periparus ater</i>				x		
Blue Tit	<i>Cyanistes caeruleus</i>		x	x	x		
Great Tit	<i>Parus major</i>		x	x	x		
Family Sittidae (Nuthatches)							
Nuthatch	<i>Sitta europaea</i>				x		
Family Corvidae (Crows)							
Magpie	<i>Pica pica</i>		x	x	x		
Jay	<i>Garrulus glandarius</i>				x		
Jackdaw	<i>Corvus monedula</i>		x	x	x		
Rook	<i>Corvus frugilegus</i>		x	x	x		
Carrion Crow	<i>Corvus corone</i>		x	x	x		

Dorset, species list and trip report, 26th to 30th September 2022

ENGLISH NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME	26 th	27 th	28 th	29 th	30 th	notes
Raven	<i>Corvus corax</i>		x	x	x		
Family Sturnidae (Starlings)							
Starling	<i>Sturnus vulgaris</i>		x	x	x		
Family Passeridae (Sparrows)							
House Sparrow	<i>Passer domesticus</i>			x			
Family Fringillidae (Finches)							
Chaffinch	<i>Fringilla coelebs</i>		x	x	x		
Goldfinch	<i>Carduelis carduelis</i>		x	x			
Linnet	<i>Linaria cannabina</i>		x	x			
Siskin	<i>Spinus spinus</i>		x		h		

h = heard only

AMPHIBIANS AND REPTILES							
Common Lizard	<i>Zootoca vivipara</i>				x		
MAMMALS							
Red Squirrel	<i>Sciurus vulgaris</i>				x		
Sika Deer	<i>Cervus nippon</i>			x	x		

ENGLISH NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME	26 th	27 th	28 th	29 th	30 th	notes
Invertebrates - Coleoptera							
Devil's-coach Horse	<i>Ocypus olens</i>		x				
Invertebrates - Arachnidae							
Harvestman sp			x				
Invertebrates - Blattoidea							
Cockroach sp				x			
Invertebrates - Lepidoptera							
Silver-Y	<i>Autographa gamma</i>			x	x		Migrant
Feathered Brindle	<i>Aporophyla australis</i>			x			Rare coastal resident
Beautiful Gothic	<i>Leucochlaena oditis</i>			x			Rare coastal resident
Angle Shades	<i>Phlogophora meticulosa</i>			x			
Square-spot Rustic	<i>Xestia xanthographa</i>			x			
Rusty-dot Pearl	<i>Udea ferrugalis</i>			x			Migrant
Brimstone Moth	<i>Opisthograptis luteolata</i>			x			
Beet Moth	<i>Scrobipalpa ocellatella</i>			x			Irruptive
Bright-line Brown-eye	<i>Lacanobia oleracea</i>			x			
Light Brown Apple Moth	<i>Epiphyas postvittana</i>			x			
Feathered Ranunculus	<i>Polymixis lichenea</i>			x			
L-album Wainscot	<i>Mythimna l-album</i>			x			Migrant
Black Rustic	<i>Aporophyla nigra</i>			x			
Large Yellow Underwing	<i>Noctua pronuba</i>			x			
Lesser Yellow Underwing	<i>Noctua comes</i>			x			

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Delicate	<i>Mythimna vitellina</i>			x			Migrant
White Point	<i>Mythimna albipuncta</i>			x			Migrant
Dark Sword-grass	<i>Agrotis ipsilon</i>			x			Migrant
Turnip Moth	<i>Agrotis segetum</i>			x			
Shuttle-shaped Dart	<i>Agrotis puta</i>			x			
Common Wainscot	<i>Mythimna pallens</i>			x			
Wall	<i>Lasiommata megera</i>			x			
Common Blue	<i>Polyommatus icarus</i>			x			
Small White	<i>Pieris rapae</i>			x	x		
Clouded Yellow	<i>Colias croceus</i>			x			Migrant
Speckled Wood	<i>Pararge aegeria</i>				x		
Red Admiral	<i>Vanessa atalanta</i>			x	x		Migrant
Invertebrates - Orthoptera							
Field Grasshopper	<i>Chorthippus brunneus</i>			x			Tout Quarry
Great Green Bush-cricket	<i>Tettigonia viridissima</i>			h			Lodmoor RSPB
Invertebrates - Hymenoptera							
Ivy Bee	<i>Colletes hederæ</i>			x			
Common Carder Bee	<i>Bombus pascuorum</i>			x			
Brown-banded Carder Bee	<i>Bombus humilis</i>			x			Rare
Buff-tailed Bumblebee	<i>Bombus terrestris</i>			x			
Hornet	<i>Vespa crabro</i>			x	x		
Wood Ant sp	<i>Formica sp.</i>				x		
Bramble Gall Wasp	<i>Diastrophus rubi</i>			x			Tout Quarry - Gall only
Invertebrates - Diptera							
A drone-fly	<i>Eristalis tenax</i>			x			
A drone-fly	<i>Eristalis pertinax</i>			x			
Invertebrates - Hemiptera							
Common Green Shieldbug	<i>Palomena prasina</i>			x			
Rhopalid bug	<i>Coryzus hyoscyami</i>			x			
Invertebrates - Odonata							
Migrant Hawker	<i>Aeshna mixta</i>			x	x		
Common Darter	<i>Sympetrum striolatum</i>			x	x		