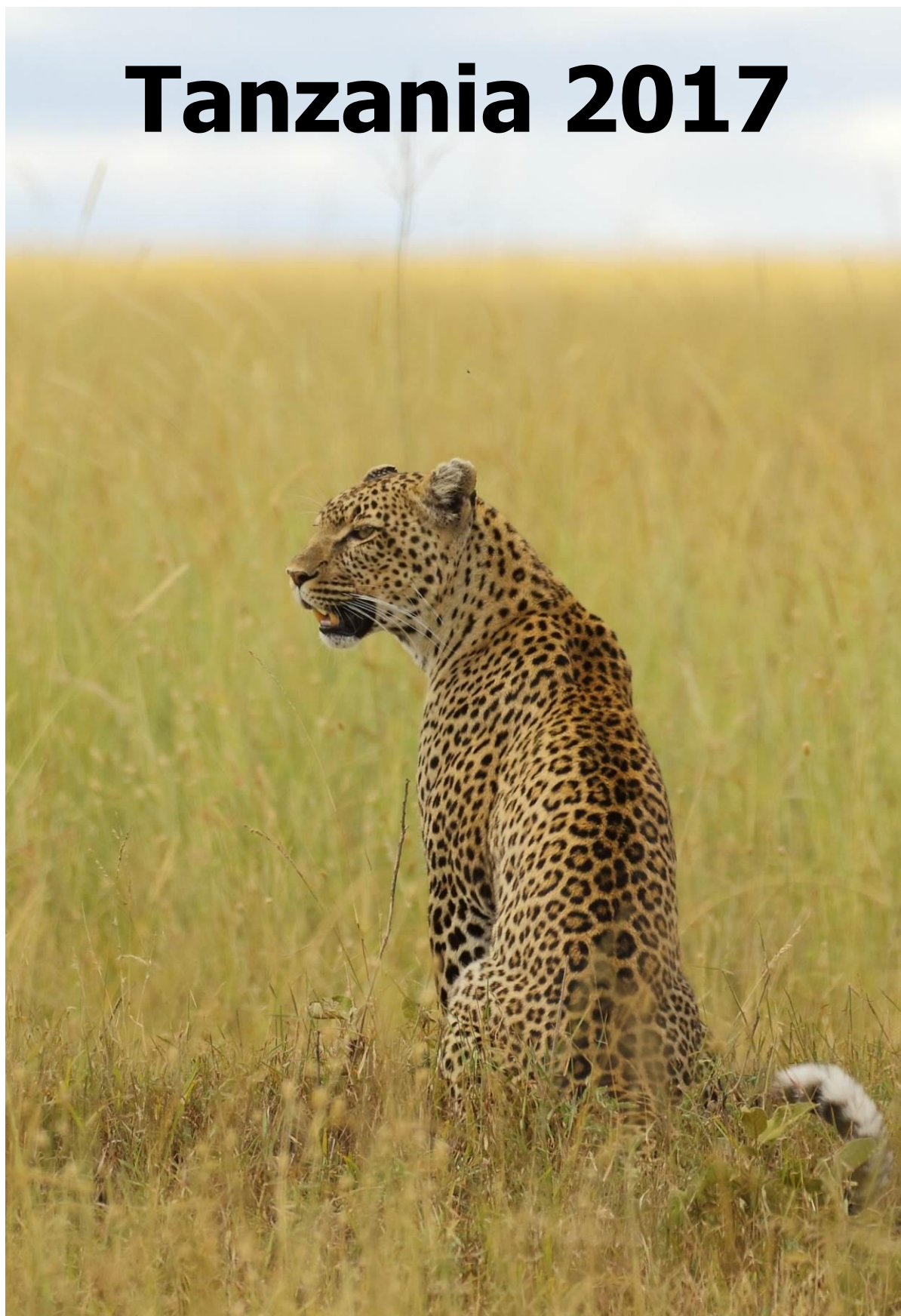


WILDLIFE TRAVEL

Tanzania 2017



Tanzania 2017
trip report and species lists

LIST OF TRAVELLERS

Leader

Mike Symes

Devon

Tanzania 2017 trip report and species lists

| # | DATE | LOCATIONS & NOTES |
|----|------------------|---|
| 1 | 24 th | Flew from the UK via Amsterdam to Kilimanjaro airport, Tanzania. Drove short distance to Kia Lodge for overnight stay. |
| 2 | 25 th | Drove westwards, skirting around Arusha, on to the plains of Oldonyosambu. Brief stop at Tembo Club then on to our base at Maramboi Camp (Lake Manyara). |
| 3 | 26 th | Full day spent in Tarangire National Park. |
| 4 | 27 th | Pre-breakfast walk down to Lake Manyara, then departed lodge and drove to Mto wa Mbu (stork colony). Ascended the Ngorongoro escarpment to look out over crater from Hero's Viewpoint; then descended from crater rim to plains beyond and finally arrived at Ndutu Safari Lodge. |
| 5 | 28 th | Morning and afternoon game drives around the Ndutu area. |
| 6 | 29 th | Morning game drive at Ndutu, then drove on to the Serengeti National Park entrance gate for lunch. Walked up the kopje for views, then drove through eastern Serengeti to Sopa Serengeti Lodge. |
| 7 | 30 th | Full day spent exploring the central Serengeti, with lunch at the park HQ at Seronera visitor centre/interpretation trail. |
| 8 | 1 st | Departed the Serengeti NP and on to Oldupai Gorge and museum where we had lunch and a look around the site. Then drove up the Ngorongoro Crater rim to Serena Ngorongoro Lodge. |
| 9 | 2 nd | Full day spent exploring the Ngorongoro Crater. |
| 10 | 3 rd | Departed Serena Ngorongoro Lodge, drove to Ngorongoro Conservation Area entrance gate and on to market. Dropped back down to Mto wa Mbu and on to Arusha, for lunch at Serena Lodge, then to Kia Lodge near the airport. Evening flight back to UK... |
| 11 | 4 th | ...arrived back at Heathrow in the morning. |

Day 1 – 24th April

After a smooth flight via Amsterdam, we met up with our local guide Allen and drove the very short distance to Kia Lodge, our base for just one night. After checking into our rooms, we gathered for a drink in the bar and to talk about the adventures that lay ahead. Tropical House Geckos were attracted to the many moths and other insects around the lodge lights, as was the Yellow-winged Bat which gave a brief fly-past. After our very early start, we were glad of the opportunity to get some rest in readiness for our first full day in Africa...

Day 2 – 25th April: Arusha to Maramboi

The day dawned cloudy but warm, and even before we'd made it to the breakfast room we were distracted by brightly coloured Superb Starlings and Scarlet-chested Sunbirds, whilst at the same time being serenaded by the continuous purring calls of Ring-necked and African Mourning Doves. After breakfast we headed west towards Arusha, skirting around the edge of this large city and learning a little about the history and politics of Tanzania from Allen, who told us about his country's ultimately unsuccessful foray into socialism in the 1960s and 1970s. Along the way we saw Yellow-collared Lovebird, African Grey Hornbill, the first of many Lilac-breasted Rollers and a family group of Wahlberg's Eagles in a roadside tree.

We continued past Arusha, stopping to admire Red-and-yellow Barbet and White-fronted Bee-eaters en route, to an area of extensive dry plains at Oldonyosambu. Here, on the aptly-named 'Lark Plains' we successfully found Capped Wheatear, Grassland Pipit and several lark species: Red-capped Lark, White-

Tanzania 2017 trip report and species lists

tailed Lark, Fischer's Sparrow-lark and the recently split Beesley's Lark: formerly considered as a subspecies of Spike-heeled Lark, this lark is amongst the very rarest of Africa's birds, with the entire world population thought to number as few as 65 individuals, restricted to this one site. We notched up a few mammals too, with our first Zebra, Eastern Thomson's Gazelle and some very distant Eastern White-bearded Wildebeest. We enjoyed our picnic lunch in an area of open woodland, where the avian highlights included the gorgeous Beautiful and Variable Sunbirds, African Grey Flycatcher, Little Bee-eater and Banded Parisoma. On our way out of the plains we had good views of a Greater Kestrel and a fly-over Tawny Eagle.

After a brief comfort stop at Tembo Club, we continued westwards towards our base for the next two nights near Lake Manyara, at Maramboi Camp. Birds seen from the main road included Black-headed Heron, Chestnut Sparrow, Augur Buzzard, African Harrier Hawk and a couple of impressive White-headed Buffalo-weavers, while an artificial lake yielded a group of Yellow-throated Sandgrouse and a single Wood Sandpiper.

The approach drive to Maramboi was great for wildlife, with Vervet Monkeys at the entrance, and close views of Zebra, Impala, Eastern White-bearded Wildebeest, Warthog and Bohor Reedbuck further down the road. At one point we were treated to a scene of grazing Impala in the foreground, whilst behind a Black-backed Jackal, a family group of Banded Mongooses and a mighty Martial Eagle all vied for our attention in the same binocular view! We arrived at our lodge in time to freshen up before a delicious dinner under a clear African night sky.

Day 3 – 26th April: Tarangire

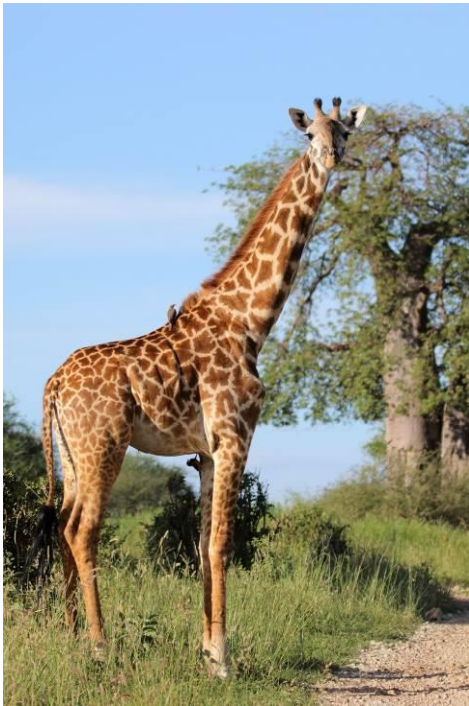
After experiencing the evocative sounds of the African bush overnight, the next morning we were able to admire the magnificent surroundings of our lodge. Wildebeest, Warthog and Impala could all be seen from our breakfast table, and we also found a huge Verreaux's Eagle Owl sat in a tree being mobbed by scolding Superb Starlings.

Today we were heading off to explore Tarangire National Park, but it took us quite a while to drive the lodge's approach road as there were many distractions along the way! Our first Giraffes of the trip (those in this region are of the Masai subspecies) were welcome, and birds of prey included Martial Eagle, Amur Falcon, White-backed Vulture and a juvenile African Hawk Eagle which had us puzzled for a little while before we were able to get close enough to clinch the ID. At the other end of the scale, we found Rattling Cisticola, Tawny-flanked Prinia and a tiny Red-faced Crombec skulking in the low acacia scrub.

We drove the short distance to Tarangire NP, a wonderful area of massive Baobab trees, acacia scrub and open grassland. The park was alive with birds, and during the course of the day they simply kept coming. Highlights included Vitelline Masked Weavers nest-building, Diederik, Jacobin and Red-chested Cuckoos, Pin-tailed Whydah, Woodland Kingfisher, d'Arnaud's Barbet and Double-banded Courser. Nubian, Cardinal and Bearded Woodpeckers were all seen around our picnic site, and stops near some ponds yielded Blue-cheeked Bee-eater, Water Thick-knee, Sacred and Hadada Ibises and a group of White-faced Whistling Ducks.

Common Waterbuck, Warthogs, Olive Baboons and a family of Banded Mongooses kept us entertained, though the park is famous for its population of Africa's largest mammal...towards the end of the day we finally caught up with a group of Elephants, which provided a satisfying finale to a great day's wildlife viewing.

TARANGIRE NATIONAL PARK & LAKE MANYARA



Top row, l to r: Variable Sunbird and Banded Mongoose troop
Middle row, l to r: Masai Giraffe, Double-banded Courser and Verreaux's Eagle Owl
Bottom row, l to r: African Elephant and Eastern White-bearded Wildebeest

Tanzania 2017 **trip report and species lists**

Day 4 – 27th April : Lake Manyara to Ndutu

This morning we decided to walk from the lodge down to Lake Manyara, accompanied by a very genial Maasai warrior who told us about the medicinal uses of some of the plants we came across, as well as about the rich Maasai culture and heritage of the local tribespeople. This area of short, open grassland was grazed by Eastern Thomson's Gazelles, wildebeest and zebra, and birds seen included White-bellied Bustard, Collared Pratincole, Kittlitz's Plover and Grey Crowned Crane. The lake itself was full of birds, with Sacred Ibis, Marabou Stork, Great White Pelican, African Spoonbill, Black-winged Stilt and Whiskered Tern all recorded; the stars of the lake though were the large numbers of Lesser Flamingoes, looking beautiful in the early morning light.

After breakfast we bade farewell to Maramboi Camp, and drove slowly along the approach road one last time. The now familiar giraffes and zebra watched us drive past, and Olive Bee-eater, Pygmy Falcon, Black-backed Puffback and Long-tailed Fiscal were amongst the bird species noted. We started heading in a north-westerly direction, towards the Ngorongoro Crater, stopping briefly at Mto wa Mbu to marvel at a huge nesting colony (1000+ birds) of Yellow-billed Storks, with one or two scruffy Marabou Storks also choosing to nest alongside them. We began to climb the crater escarpment, reaching the Ngorongoro Conservation Area (NCA) entrance gate with its attendant Olive Baboons before arriving at the crater rim, where we enjoyed a spectacular vista down into the crater. From here we were able to pick out some of the larger residents of the crater: elephant, buffalo, hippopotamus and two critically endangered Black Rhinoceros could all be seen clearly through the telescope.

We would be coming back to explore the crater later in the trip, but for now we still had a fair way to go to our next lodge so we descended around the crater to the plains beyond and followed the long bumpy road towards Ndutu. Kori Bustard and Secretarybird provided the birding highlights, whilst we also saw our first Grant's Gazelles and some impressive Eland antelopes. When we were almost at our lodge, in the fading light we saw a Spotted Hyaena vigorously defending a zebra carcass from the gathering White-backed and Ruppell's Vultures – a scene straight out of a TV wildlife documentary, and thrilling to see it being played out right in front of us. We were accompanied at dinner time by up to seven Common Genets, these slender and agile cat-like carnivores clearly finding the lodge to their liking. We finished the day with a drink and a review of the day's sightings.

Day 5 – 28th April: Ndutu Lodge

Another warm and sunny day saw us out exploring the area around Ndutu, and over the course of the day we saw Fischer's Lovebird, Usambiro Barbet, Steel-blue Whydah, Von der Decken's Hornbill, Ostrich, Secretarybird and one of the highlights of the trip, a secretive Heuglin's Courser. We came across a large migrating herd of Western White-bearded Wildebeest, sharing the plains with Common Zebra, and a few Eland and elephants to complete this quintessentially African scene.

We found another zebra carcass, no hyaena this time but the vultures were already there and doing their job of cleaning up the remains. It was fascinating to watch the Ruppell's Vultures squabbling, lunging and hissing at each other as they jostled for position.

We also managed to catch up with one of the main targets for the trip, and the likely source of the zebra carcass – Lions! First we spotted three females lying in the shade of a small acacia, but as we watched one of them sloped off into a nearby thicket where we saw there were three cubs trying to escape the heat and the attentions of the flies. After staying a while to watch them, we then saw two adult males across the other side of the marsh, so we headed over there and enjoyed close views of these magnificent beasts as they dozed in the midday heat. We returned to the lodge to freshen up before dinner and enjoy our last night in Ndutu, before tomorrow's journey into the grasslands of the Serengeti.

**Tanzania 2017
trip report and species lists**

NDUTU



Top row: sleepy family of Lions
Middle row, l to r: Lilac-breasted Roller; Heuglin's Courser; Common Genet
Bottom row, l to r: Secretarybird and Spotted Hyaena

Tanzania 2017 **trip report and species lists**

Day 6 – 29th April: Travel across the southern Serengeti

Today we said our goodbyes to the friendly staff at Ndutu Safari Lodge and took one last game drive in the surrounding open woodland. Whilst pausing to watch a herd of wildebeest, we noticed that we too were being observed – by an enormous Verreaux's Eagle Owl in the tree canopy above us. Shortly afterwards we encountered one of the more diminutive members of the family, a Pearl-spotted Owlet, who gave us the run around before settling and eventually giving decent views. Other notable birds included Von der Decken's Hornbill, Grey-backed Fiscal, White-browed Coucal and Long-crested Eagle, and we also enjoyed sightings of several Kirk's Dikdiks, Vervet Monkeys, Impala and a lone Kongoni (Coke's Hartebeest).

The shores of Lake Ndutu supported a few wader species: Black-winged Stilts and Kittlitz's Plovers mingling with long-distance migrants such as Greenshank and Little Stint, busily feeding up for their northward journey to their breeding grounds in northern Europe or the high Arctic.

We now started to head northwards towards the famous Serengeti National Park. As the woodland gave way to open grassland we saw Serengeti Thomson's Gazelles and Grant's Gazelles, and an African Golden Wolf (formerly considered as a race of Golden Jackal) which ran along the road in front of us before slinking off to the side. More excitingly, we also found a Caracal, a shy cat which is very difficult to see; although views were quite distant, everyone saw it well and agreed it was one of the highlights of the trip so far. A little further on we came across a pride of Lions, lounging in the shade of a small rocky outcrop and occasionally shifting position to make themselves more comfortable.

We stopped for lunch at the park entrance gate where the local Superb and Hildebrandt's Starlings made their presence felt in the hope of grabbing a few crumbs from our picnic table. We took a short stroll up the kopje (rocky outcrop) to take in the view and started to get a sense of the vastness of the surrounding grasslands. As we admired the view we also took time to appreciate the Mwanza Rock Agama lizards, the mature males with pink heads and blue lower bodies, scampering over the bare rock face.

As we entered the park we saw Black-winged Kite, European Roller, Greater Kestrel and singing Rufous-naped Larks at the roadside. A small wetland held Marabou Stork, Hammerkop, Great White Egret and an incredibly skulking African Quail-Finch hiding in the marginal vegetation. Our attention was then distracted by a gang of vocal guineafowl, which were clearly perturbed by an intruder of some sort...it soon revealed itself to be an Egyptian Mongoose, foraging through the undergrowth for a few moments before disappearing out of sight again.

With heavy rain approaching, it was time to cover the roof of our vehicle and head to the lodge. After passing our first Defassa Waterbuck and Topi of the trip, we arrived at Sopa Serengeti Lodge and checked in to our rooms which afforded stunning views across the park. One member of our group was lucky enough to spot a bushbaby (Senegal Lesser Galago) clambering about in a tree outside their room, and we all saw several Yellow-winged Bats hunting around the lodge grounds after dark.

Day 7 – 30th April: Central Serengeti

Today we spent our time exploring the central Serengeti. First we drove through some woodland which produced the endemic Tanzanian Red-billed Hornbill, Southern Ground-hornbill, Green Wood-hoopoe, Ruppell's Starling, Brown Parrot and a striking Red-headed Weaver. We also saw and heard the remarkable display flight of the Flappet Lark, which uses its wings to make a dry rattling sound that's a little like someone blowing a raspberry! Large mammals were encountered along the way, notably buffalo, giraffe and a group of Hippos noisily snorting and grunting away in a muddy creek.

**Tanzania 2017
trip report and species lists**

SERENGETI



Top row, l to r: Grant's Gazelle and Topi
Middle row, l to r: Leopard and Rufous-naped Lark
Bottom row, l to r: view over the Serengeti, and Western White-bearded Wildebeest

Tanzania 2017 trip report and species lists

After a comfort stop, Allen received news on the radio that one of our main targets for the day had been seen nearby, and sure enough after a few minutes we arrived on the scene to see a beautiful Leopard up in a tree. However, within seconds of us turning off the engine the Leopard had climbed down and melted away into the grass below. We drove round to the other side of the stream to try and get another glimpse, and by now several other jeeps had joined in the search. All of a sudden word came that the cat was behind us and so after some skilful driving we caught up with this stunning animal at much closer range, as it walked down the track in front of us. After a bit more jostling for position we were finally treated to incredibly close views as the Leopard passed between two stationary vehicles and posed on a mound right in front of us – a truly special moment.

We had our lunch at the National Park HQ Seronera, being entertained by the Black-necked Rock Hyraxes shuffling about literally beneath our feet at the picnic tables. We took the opportunity to stretch our legs and walked the short interpretation trail behind the Centre, which explained about the Serengeti ecosystem and some of the pioneering conservation work carried out by Bernhard and Michael Grzimek to study the animals and work out their migration routes, helping to protect these areas and their wildlife into the future.

By now it had started to rain, so once again we climbed aboard the vehicle for another game drive. A small wetland was very productive with Black Crane, Three-banded Plover, Collared Pratincole, Ruff, Wood Sandpiper, Hippos and a shy Nile Monitor Lizard all seen. A tip-off from another guide soon had us watching another impressive feline, or two to be precise, in the form of a couple of lionesses relaxing in a tree. After a while we left them to it and headed back towards the lodge, stopping to appreciate a Spotted Hyena and a displaying Black-bellied Bustard by the roadside.

Back at the lodge we found two Yellow-winged Bats roosting under the canopy of a green thorn tree, waiting for darkness to fall, and then we looked for Bushbabies... but our luck was out this time, so we got ready for dinner and our last night in the Serengeti.

Day 8 – 1st May: Serengeti to Ngorongoro

After breakfast we loaded up the vehicle in readiness for our departure from the Serengeti, but not before we had taken time to look at a roosting cluster of 40 or so Wahlberg's Epauletted Fruit Bats hanging under a tree outside the lodge entrance. Once on the road, we drove eastwards, enjoying the woodland habitats and their associated bird species such as Yellow-spotted Petronia, Chin-spot Batis, Brown-crowned Tchagra and Cardinal Woodpecker.

As the woodland gave way to open grassland, we had great views of a small herd of buffalo, and then further on we saw a group of Spotted Hyena lounging on the track in front of us. The air was filled with the songs of at least four species of cisticola, as well as the simple fluty notes of the more visible Rufous-naped Larks. We returned to the park entrance gate and stopped to stretch our legs and use the facilities – the trip to the toilet block proved successful in more ways than one, as we found a couple of Mauritian Tomb Bats resting on the outside wall.

As we drove out of the park we paused briefly to watch a male Montagu's Harrier being harassed by a much larger Tawny Eagle, and we also came across an impressive herd of several hundred Western White-bearded Wildebeest heading south towards the Ndutu area. We pressed on and visited Oldupai Gorge, where we had our lunch and learned from one of the local guides how Louis and Mary Leakey carried out their research here, and that the site had yielded many ground-breaking discoveries that shape our current understanding of human evolution. As always seems to be the case here in Tanzania, wildlife is never far away, and we added our fourth bat species of the trip when we saw the delightful Heart-nosed Bats that were roosting in the roof of the museum. The parched landscape around the site also produced new birds in the form of Purple Roller and White-browed Scrub-robin, as well as offering great views of a pair of stunning Red-and-yellow Barbets.

Tanzania 2017

trip report and species lists

It was time now to ascend the Ngorongoro Crater rim, noting Eland, African Golden Wolf and Black-chested Snake Eagle along the way, before arriving at Serena Lodge, built right on the rim and with wonderful views down into the crater. We couldn't wait to explore the area tomorrow...

Day 9 – 2nd May: Ngorongoro Crater

The day dawned cool and misty up at our altitude of 2,200 metres, but visibility improved as we began our descent towards the crater floor. On the steep slope Yellow Bishop, Hildebrandt's Francolin and Siffling Cisticola were new additions to the trip list, and we soon started to pick out large herds of game – wildebeest, zebra, Grant's and Thomson's Gazelles, Cape Buffalo and a few Eland – scattered across the open grassland.

We spent the whole day in this, the largest intact volcanic crater in the world, slowly driving the network of tracks. There were a number of impressive large birds here, from Grey Crowned Crane and Kori Bustard to Secretarybird and Ostrich, as well as the beautiful Rosy-breasted Longclaw and that little gem, the African Quail-Finch. Fan-tailed Widowbirds flew low over the long grass, and the ubiquitous Fischer's Sparrow-larks and Rufous-naped Larks were a constant presence by the roadside. Wetland areas supported Sacred Ibis, Hottentot Teal, African Spoonbill and Black-winged Stilt, while the largest lake was home to thousands of Lesser Flamingoes, occasionally harassed into flight by a patrolling African Fish Eagle.

African Golden Wolf, Black-backed Jackal, Spotted Hyaena, Warthog, Scrub Hare and Olive Baboons were all seen, as were several different groups of Lions; by the end of the day we had recorded at least 25 individuals. With the sheer abundance of potential prey animals all around, it was no wonder that the Lions here all looked so relaxed and in such good condition.

We ate our lunch by a lake full of Hippos, but had to remain near the vehicle so as to avoid the sneaking raids of the local Yellow-billed Kites. Rufous-tailed and Speke's Weavers were even bolder though, actually entering the vehicle to look for any leftovers! Banded Martins, Red-rumped and Wire-tailed Swallows all hawked for insects over the lake, and an African Marsh Harrier was seen hunting over the adjacent marshland.

As we continued our exploration of the crater we failed to locate any Black Rhino, but as we were heading through a forested area on our way out we came across a group of Elephants which gave memorable views close to the road. We also heard them trumpeting, a classic sound of the African bush, which further added to the experience and provided a fitting finale to our last full day in Tanzania.

Day 10 – 3rd May: back to Arusha

Today we left the Ngorongoro Conservation Area and began our journey back east towards Arusha. We still managed to find a few new birds, with Bronze Sunbird, Yellow-crowned Bishop and Straw-tailed Whydah noted from the roadside, and there was even a little time for shopping as we visited a market to stock up on over-priced gifts. Once in Arusha, Allen took us on a short detour to see the famous clock tower (the mid-point on the Great North Road – the proposed route from Cape Town to Cairo following a line of British colonies), and also the pre-WWII German fort, which now houses the country's Natural History Museum.

We finally arrived at our lunch destination, a plush Serena Lodge on the outskirts of Arusha, and here we said farewell to Allen and thanked him for his faultless driving, amazing bird-finding abilities and good humour throughout the trip. Silvery-cheeked Hornbills flew over the lodge grounds before we were taken by another driver to Kia Lodge, where our holiday had begun, to change and re-pack our bags before our evening flight. There was just enough time for a last stroll around the grounds to enjoy the sunbirds and weavers in the fading light, but alas our flight beckoned and we headed to the airport for our journey home, to reflect on some great memories from our time in this fascinating country.

**Tanzania 2017
trip report and species lists**

NGORONGORO CRATER



Top row, l to r: Hippopotamus and Warthog
Middle row, l to r: Lion and Grey Crowned Crane
Bottom row, l to r: Cape Buffalo and Rufous-tailed Weaver

**Tanzania 2017
trip report and species lists**

| | ENGLISH NAME | LATIN NAME | 24 th | 25 th | 26 th | 27 th | 28 th | 29 th | 30 th | 1 st | 2 nd | 3 rd | 4 th |
|--|---|---|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| MAMMALS | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Order Primates (Apes & Monkeys) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Olive Baboon | <i>Papio anubis</i> | | | X | X | | | X | X | X | X | |
| | Vervet Monkey | <i>Cercopithecus pygerythrus</i> | | X | X | | | X | X | X | | | |
| | Senegal Lesser Galago | <i>Galago senegalensis</i> | | | | | | X | | | | | |
| Order Chiroptera (Bats) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Yellow-winged Bat | <i>Lavia frons</i> | X | | | X | X | X | X | | | | |
| | Wahlberg's Epauletted Fruit Bat | <i>Epomorphus wahlbergi</i> | | | | | | | | X | | X | |
| | Heart-nosed Bat | <i>Cardioderma cor</i> | | | | | | | | X | | | |
| | Mauritian Tomb Bat | <i>Taphozous mauritanus</i> | | | | | | | | X | | | |
| Order Lagomorpha (Hares) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Scrub Hare | <i>Lepus saxatilis</i> | | | | | | | | | X | | |
| Order Rodentia (Rodents) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Unstriped Ground Squirrel | <i>Xerus rutilus</i> | | | | X | | | | | | | |
| | Unstriped Grass Rat | <i>Arivacnthis niloticus</i> | | | | | X | X | | X | | | |
| Order Carnivora Family Canidae (Dogs) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Black-backed Jackal | <i>Canis mesomelas</i> | | X | | | | | | | X | | |
| | African Golden Wolf (was Golden Jackal) | <i>Canis anthus</i> | | | | | | X | | X | X | | |
| Order Carnivora Family Herpestidae (Mongooses) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Banded Mongoose | <i>Mungos mungo</i> | | X | X | | | | | | | | |
| | Dwarf Mongoose | <i>Helogale parvula</i> | | | X | | | | | | | | |
| | Egyptian Mongoose | <i>Herpestes ichneumon</i> | | | | | | X | | | | | |
| Order Carnivora Family Hyaenidae (Hyaenas) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Spotted Hyaena | <i>Crocuta crocuta</i> | | | | X | X | | X | X | X | | |
| Order Carnivora Family Viverridae (Genets and Civets) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Common Genet | <i>Genetta genetta</i> | | | | X | X | | | | | | |
| Order Carnivora Family Felidae (Cats) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Caracal | <i>Felis caracal</i> | | | | | | X | | | | | |
| | Leopard | <i>Panthera pardus</i> | | | | | | | X | | | | |
| | Lion | <i>Panthera leo</i> | | | | | X | X | X | | X | | |
| Order Hyracoidea (Hyraxes) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Black-necked Rock Hyrax | <i>Procavia (capensis) johnstoni</i> | | | | | | | X | | | | |
| | Yellow-spotted Bush Hyrax | <i>Heterohyrax brucei</i> | | | | | | | X | | | | |
| Order Elephantia (Elephants) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Savannah Elephant | <i>Loxodonta africana</i> | | | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | | |
| Order Perissodactyla (Odd-toed Ungulates) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Common Zebra | <i>Equus quagga</i> | | X | | X | X | X | X | X | X | | |
| | Black Rhinoceros | <i>Diceros bicornis</i> | | | | X | | | | | | | |
| Order Artiodactyla (Even-toed Ungulates) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Hippopotamus | <i>Hippopotamus amphibious</i> | | | | X | X | | X | | X | | |
| | Common Warthog | <i>Phacochoerus africanus</i> | | X | X | X | | X | X | X | X | | |
| | Masai Giraffe | <i>Giraffa (camelopardalis) tippelskirchi</i> | | | X | X | X | X | X | X | | | |
| | Cape Buffalo | <i>Syncerus caffer</i> | | | | X | | X | X | X | X | | |
| | Eland | <i>Taurotragus oryx</i> | | | | X | X | X | | X | X | | |
| | Cavendish's (=Kirk's) Dikdik | <i>Madoqua (kirkii) cavendishi</i> | | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | |

**Tanzania 2017
trip report and species lists**

| ENGLISH NAME | LATIN NAME | 24 th | 25 th | 26 th | 27 th | 28 th | 29 th | 30 th | 1 st | 2 nd | 3 rd | 4 th |
|---|---|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| (Eastern) Bohor Reedbuck | <i>Redunca (redunca) bohor</i> | | X | | | | | | | | | |
| Common Waterbuck | <i>Kobus (e.) ellipsiprymnus</i> | | | X | | | | | | | | |
| Defassa Waterbuck | <i>Kobus (e.) defassa</i> | | | | | | X | | | | | |
| (Eastern) Thomson's Gazelle | <i>Gazella (thomsoni) thomsoni</i> | X | | | X | | | | | | | |
| (Serengeti) Thomson's Gazelle | <i>Gazella (thomsoni) nasalis</i> | | | | X | X | X | X | X | X | | |
| Grant's Gazelle | <i>Nanger granti</i> | | | | X | X | X | | X | X | | |
| Impala | <i>Aepyceros melampus</i> | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | | | |
| (Serengeti) Topi | <i>Damaliscus (lunatus/korrigum) jimela</i> | | | | | | X | X | X | | | |
| Kongongi (=Coke's Hartebeest) | <i>Alcephalus (busephalus) cokii</i> | | | | | X | X | | | X | | |
| Eastern White-bearded (Blue) Wildebeest | <i>Connochaetes (taurinus) albojubatus</i> | X | X | X | | | | | | | | |
| Western White-bearded (Blue) Wildebeest | <i>Connochaetes (taurinus) mearnsi</i> | | | | X | X | X | X | X | X | | |

REPTILES

| | | |
|------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Tropical House Gecko | <i>Hemidactylus mabouia</i> | Several seen around the lights at Kia Lodge on evening of 24 th |
| Striped Skink | <i>Trachylepis striata</i> | A few seen at Tembo Club on 25 th |
| Blue-headed Tree Agama | <i>Agama atricollis</i> | One seen crossing the track in front of the vehicle in Ndutu on 29 th |
| Mwanza Rock Agama | <i>Agama mwanzae</i> | Common around the kopje at the Serengeti entrance gate on 29 th |
| Nile Monitor Lizard | <i>Varanus niloticus</i> | One adult seen at the small wetland in Serengeti NP on 30 th |



Above: Speckled Mousebird at Manyara, Hildebrandt's Starling in the Serengeti and Kori Bustard in Ngorongoro Crater

**Tanzania 2017
trip report and species lists**

| ENGLISH NAME | LATIN NAME | 24 th | 25 th | 26 th | 27 th | 28 th | 29 th | 30 th | 1 st | 2 nd | 3 rd | 4 th |
|---|---------------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| BIRDS | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Family Struthionidae (Ostrich) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Ostrich | <i>Struthio camelus</i> | | | | X | X | X | X | X | X | | |
| Family Pelecanidae (Pelicans) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Great White Pelican | <i>Pelecanus onocrotalus</i> | | | X | X | | | | | | | |
| Family Ardeidae (Herons) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Green-backed Heron (=Striated Heron) | <i>Butorides striata</i> | | | | | | X | | | | | |
| Western Cattle Egret | <i>Bubulcus ibis</i> | | X | X | X | | | X | | X | | |
| Little Egret | <i>Egretta garzetta</i> | | | X | X | | | | | | | |
| Great Egret | <i>Casmerodius alba</i> | | | | X | | X | | | | | |
| Black-headed Heron | <i>Ardea melanocephala</i> | | X | X | X | X | | X | | X | | |
| Grey Heron | <i>Ardea cinerea</i> | | | | X | | X | X | X | X | | |
| Family Scopidae (Hamerkop) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Hamerkop | <i>Scopus umbretta</i> | | X | X | X | | X | | | | | |
| Family Ciconiidae (Storks) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Yellow-billed Stork | <i>Mycteria ibis</i> | | | | X | | | | | | X | |
| White Stork | <i>Ciconia ciconia</i> | | | | | | | X | | | | |
| Marabou Stork | <i>Leptoptilos crumeniferus</i> | | | | X | | X | X | | | | |
| Family Threskiornithidae (Ibises and Spoonbills) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sacred Ibis | <i>Threskiornis aethiopicus</i> | | | X | X | X | | | | X | | |
| Hadada Ibis | <i>Bostrychia hagedash</i> | | | X | | | | | | | | |
| African Spoonbill | <i>Platalea alba</i> | | | | X | | | | | X | | |
| Glossy Ibis | <i>Plegadis falcinellus</i> | | | | | X | | | | X | | |
| Family Phoenicopteridae (Flamingos) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Greater Flamingo | <i>Phoenicopeterus roseus</i> | | | | X | X | X | | | X | | |
| Lesser Flamingo | <i>Phoenicopeterus minor</i> | | | X | X | X | X | | | X | | |
| Family Anatidae (Ducks, Geese and Swans) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| White-faced Whistling Duck | <i>Dendrocygna viduata</i> | | | X | | | | | | | | |
| Spur-winged Goose | <i>Plectropterus gambensis</i> | | | | | | | | | X | | |
| Egyptian Goose | <i>Alopochen aegyptiaca</i> | | X | X | X | X | X | X | | X | | |
| Knob-billed Duck (=Comb Duck) | <i>Sarkidiornis melanotos</i> | | | | | | | X | | | | |
| Cape Teal | <i>Anas capensis</i> | | | | | X | X | | | X | | |
| Red-billed Duck | <i>Anas erythrorhyncha</i> | | | | | | X | | | X | | |
| Hottentot Teal | <i>Anas hottentota</i> | | | | | | | | | X | | |
| Family Sagitariidae (Secretary Bird) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Secretarybird | <i>Sagittarius serpentarius</i> | | | | X | X | X | X | | X | | |
| Family Accipitridae (Hawks, Eagles and Vultures) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Black-shouldered Kite | <i>Elanus caeruleus</i> | | | | | X | X | X | | | | |
| Yellow-billed Kite | <i>Milvus (m.) aegyptius</i> | | | | X | | | | | X | | |
| African Fish Eagle | <i>Haliaeetus vocifer</i> | | | | | | | | X | X | | |
| White-headed Vulture | <i>Trigonoceps occipitalis</i> | | | | | | | X | | | | |
| White-backed Vulture | <i>Gyps africanus</i> | | | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | | |
| Rüppell's Vulture | <i>Gyps rueppellii</i> | | | | X | X | X | | | | | |
| Lappet-faced Vulture | <i>Torgus tracheliotus</i> | | | X | | X | | | | | | |
| Black-chested Snake Eagle | <i>Circaetus pectoralis</i> | | | | X | X | | X | X | X | | |
| African Marsh Harrier | <i>Circus ranivorus</i> | | | | | | | | | X | | |
| Montagu's Harrier | <i>Circus pygargus</i> | | | | | | | | X | | | |

**Tanzania 2017
trip report and species lists**

| ENGLISH NAME | LATIN NAME | 24 th | 25 th | 26 th | 27 th | 28 th | 29 th | 30 th | 1 st | 2 nd | 3 rd | 4 th |
|--|---------------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Dark Chanting Goshawk | <i>Melierax metabates</i> | | | | | X | | X | | | | |
| Gabar Goshawk | <i>Micronisus gabar</i> | | | X | | | | | | | | |
| Shikra | <i>Accipiter badius</i> | | | | | | | | | | X | |
| African Harrier-Hawk | <i>Polyboroides typus</i> | | X | | | X | | | | | | |
| Augur Buzzard | <i>Buteo augur</i> | | X | | X | X | X | | X | X | | |
| Tawny Eagle | <i>Aquila rapax</i> | | X | X | | X | X | X | X | | | |
| Wahlberg's Eagle | <i>Aquila wahlbergi</i> | | X | | | | | | | | | |
| African Hawk Eagle | <i>Aquila spilogaster</i> | | | X | | | | | | | | |
| Bateleur | <i>Terathopius ecaudatus</i> | | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | |
| Long-crested Eagle | <i>Lophaetus occipitalis</i> | | | | | | X | | | | | |
| Martial Eagle | <i>Polemaetus bellicosus</i> | | X | X | X | | | X | | | | |
| Family Falconidae (Falcons) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Pygmy Falcon | <i>Polihierax semitorquatus</i> | | X | | X | X | | | | | | |
| Common Kestrel | <i>Falco tinnunculus</i> | | | | | | | | | X | | |
| Greater Kestrel | <i>Falco rupicoloides</i> | | X | | | | X | | X | | | |
| Grey Kestrel | <i>Falco ardosiaceus</i> | | | | | | | X | | X | | |
| Eurasian Hobby | <i>Falco subbuteo</i> | | | X | | | | | | | | |
| Amur Falcon | <i>Falco amurensis</i> | | | X | | | | | | | | |
| Family Numidae (Guineafowl) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Helmeted Guineafowl | <i>Numida meleagris</i> | | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | | |
| Family Phasianidae (Francolins and Quails) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Coqui Francolin | <i>Peliperdix coqui</i> | | | | | | | X | | | | |
| Crested Francolin | <i>Dendroperdix sephaena</i> | | X | | | | | | | | | |
| Hildebrandt's Francolin | <i>Pternistis hildebrandti</i> | | | | | | | | | X | | |
| Grey-breasted Spurfowl | <i>Pternistis rufopictus</i> | | | | | X | X | X | X | | | |
| Red-necked Spurfowl | <i>Pternistis afer</i> | | X | X | | | | | | | | |
| Harlequin Quail | <i>Coturnix delegorguei</i> | | | | | | | | | X | | |
| Family Rallidae (Rails and Crakes) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Black Crake | <i>Amaurornis flavirostra</i> | | | | | | | X | | | | |
| Common Moorhen | <i>Gallinula chloropus</i> | | | | | | | X | | | | |
| Red-knobbed Coot | <i>Fulica cristata</i> | | | | | X | | | | | | |
| Family Gruidae (Cranes) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Grey Crowned Crane | <i>Balearica regulorum</i> | | | X | X | | | | | X | | |
| Family Otidae (Bustards) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Kori Bustard | <i>Ardeotis kori</i> | | | | X | | | | X | X | | |
| White-bellied Bustard | <i>Eupodotis senegalensis</i> | | | | X | | X | X | | | | |
| Black-bellied Bustard | <i>Eupodotis melanogaster</i> | | | | | | X | X | | | | |
| Family Recurvirostridae (Stilts and Avocets) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Pied Avocet | <i>Recurvirostra avosetta</i> | | | | X | X | | | | X | | |
| Black-winged Stilt | <i>Himantopus himantopus</i> | | | | X | X | X | | | X | | |
| Family Burhinidae (Thick-knees) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Water Thick-knee | <i>Burhinus vermiculatus</i> | | | X | | | | | | | | |
| Family Glareolidae (Coursers and Pratincoles) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Double-banded Courser | <i>Rhinoptilus africanus</i> | | | X | | X | | X | | | | |
| Heuglin's (=Three-banded) Courser | <i>Rhinoptilus cinctus</i> | | | | | X | | | | | | |
| Collared Pratincole | <i>Glareola pratincola</i> | | X | X | X | | | X | | | | |

**Tanzania 2017
trip report and species lists**

| ENGLISH NAME | LATIN NAME | 24 th | 25 th | 26 th | 27 th | 28 th | 29 th | 30 th | 1 st | 2 nd | 3 rd | 4 th |
|--|--------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Family Charadriidae (Plovers) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Blacksmith Lapwing | <i>Vanellus armatus</i> | | X | X | X | X | X | X | | X | | |
| Spur-winged Lapwing | <i>Vanellus spinosus</i> | | | | | | | X | | | | |
| Crowned Lapwing | <i>Vanellus coronatus</i> | | X | X | X | X | X | | X | X | X | |
| Senegal Lapwing | <i>Vanellus lugubris</i> | | | | X | | | | X | | | |
| Kittlitz's Plover | <i>Charadrius pecuarius</i> | | | | X | | X | | | | | |
| Three-banded Plover | <i>Charadrius tricollaris</i> | | | X | | X | | X | | | | |
| Family Scolopacidae (Sandpipers) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Greenshank | <i>Tringa nebularia</i> | | | | | | X | | | | | |
| Wood Sandpiper | <i>Tringa glareola</i> | | X | X | | | X | X | | | | |
| Little Stint | <i>Calidris minuta</i> | | | | X | X | | X | | | | |
| Curlew Sandpiper | <i>Calidris ferruginea</i> | | | | X | | | | | | | |
| Ruff | <i>Philomachus pugnax</i> | | | | X | X | | X | | | | |
| Family Laridae (Gulls) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Grey-headed Gull | <i>Chroicocephalus cirrocephalus</i> | | | | X | | | | | X | | |
| Family Sternidae (Terns) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Whiskered Tern | <i>Chlidonias hybrida</i> | | | | X | | | | | | | |
| Family Pteroclididae (Sandgrouse) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Black-faced Sandgrouse | <i>Pterocles decorates</i> | | | | | | | X | X | | | |
| Chestnut-bellied Sandgrouse | <i>Pterocles exustus</i> | | | | | X | | | | | | |
| Yellow-throated Sandgrouse | <i>Pterocles gutturalis</i> | | X | | | | X | | | | | |
| Family Columbidae (Pigeons and Doves) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Speckled Pigeon | <i>Columba guinea</i> | | | | | | | | X | | | |
| Rock Dove/Feral Pigeon | <i>Columba livia</i> | | X | X | | | | | | | X | |
| Namaqua Dove | <i>Oenanthe capensis</i> | | X | X | | X | X | | | | | |
| Cape Turtle Dove (=Ring-necked Dove) | <i>Streptopelia capicola</i> | | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | |
| African Mourning Dove | <i>Streptopelia decipiens</i> | | X | | | | | | X | | X | |
| Dusky Turtle Dove | <i>Streptopelia lugens</i> | | | | X | | | | | X | | |
| Laughing Dove | <i>Streptopelia senegalensis</i> | | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | | |
| Family Psittacidae (Parrots) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Meyer's Parrot (=Brown Parrot) | <i>Poicephalus meyeri</i> | | | | | | | X | | | | |
| African Orange-bellied Parrot | <i>Poicephalus rufiventris</i> | | | X | | | | | | | | |
| Fischer's Lovebird | <i>Agapornis fischeri</i> | | | | | X | X | X | | | | |
| Yellow-collared Lovebird | <i>Agapornis personatus</i> | | X | X | | | | | | | | |
| Family Musophagidae (Turacos) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Bare-faced Go-away-bird | <i>Corythaixoides personatus</i> | | X | X | | | | X | | | | |
| White-bellied Go-away-bird | <i>Corythaixoides leucogaster</i> | | | X | | | | | | | | |
| Family Cuculidae (Cuckoos) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Jacobin (= Black and white) Cuckoo | <i>Clamator jacobinus</i> | | | X | | | | | | | | |
| African Cuckoo | <i>Cuculus gularis</i> | | | | | X | | | | | | |
| Red-chested Cuckoo | <i>Cuculus solitaries</i> | | | X | | | | | | | | |
| Diederik Cuckoo | <i>Chrysococcyx caprius</i> | | | X | | X | X | | | | | |
| White-browed Coucal | <i>Centropus superciliosus</i> | | | | | X | X | X | X | | | |
| Black Coucal | <i>Centropus grillii</i> | | | | | | | X | | | | |
| Family Tytonidae (Barn Owls) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Barn Owl | <i>Tyto alba</i> | | X | | | | | | | | | |

**Tanzania 2017
trip report and species lists**

| ENGLISH NAME | LATIN NAME | 24 th | 25 th | 26 th | 27 th | 28 th | 29 th | 30 th | 1 st | 2 nd | 3 rd | 4 th |
|--|-------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Family Strigidae (Owls) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Verreaux's (=Giant) Eagle Owl | <i>Bubo lacteus</i> | | | X | | | X | | | | | |
| Pearl-spotted Owlet | <i>Glaucidium perlatum</i> | | | | | | X | | | | | |
| Family Apodidae (Swifts) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Little Swift | <i>Apus affinis</i> | | | | X | | X | | | X | | |
| White-rumped Swift | <i>Apus caffer</i> | | X | | | | | X | | | X | |
| African Palm Swift | <i>Cypsiurus parvus</i> | | X | X | | | | | | | | |
| Family Coliidae (Mousebirds) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Speckled Mousebird | <i>Colius striatus</i> | | X | | X | | | | X | X | X | |
| Blue-naped Mousebird | <i>Urocolius macrourus</i> | | | X | | X | | | | | | |
| Family Cerylidae (Water Kingfishers) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Pied Kingfisher | <i>Ceryle rudis</i> | | | X | X | | | | | | | |
| Family Halcyonidae (Tree Kingfishers) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Grey-headed Kingfisher | <i>Halcyon leucocephala</i> | | | X | | | | | | | | |
| Striped Kingfisher | <i>Halcyon chelicuti</i> | | X | | | | | X | X | | | |
| Woodland Kingfisher | <i>Halcyon senegalensis</i> | | | X | | | | | | | | |
| Family Meropidae (Bee-eaters) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Little Bee-eater | <i>Merops pusillus</i> | | X | X | | X | | X | | | | |
| Blue-cheeked Bee-eater | <i>Merops persicus</i> | | | X | | | | | | | | |
| Madagascar (=Olive) Bee-eater | <i>Merops superciliosus</i> | | | | X | | | | | | | |
| White-fronted Bee-eater | <i>Merops bullockoides</i> | | X | | | | | | | | | |
| Family Coraciidae (Rollers) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| European Roller | <i>Coracias garrulus</i> | | | | | X | X | X | X | | | |
| Lilac-breasted Roller | <i>Coracias caudatus</i> | | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | | | |
| Purple Roller | <i>Coracias naevius</i> | | | | | | | | X | | | |
| Family Phoeniculidae (Wood-hoopoes) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Green Wood-hoopoe | <i>Phoeniculus purpureus</i> | | | | | | | X | X | | | |
| Abyssinian Scimitarbill | <i>Rhinopomastus minor</i> | | | | | | | | X | | | |
| Family Upupidae (Hoopoes) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| African Hoopoe | <i>Upupa africana</i> | | | X | | | | | | | | |
| Family Bucerotidae (Hornbills) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Northern Red-billed Hornbill | <i>Tockus erythrorhynchus</i> | | | X | | | | | | | | |
| Tanzanian Red-billed Hornbill | <i>Tockus ruahae</i> | | | | | | | X | X | | | |
| Von der Decken's Hornbill | <i>Tockus deckeni</i> | | | | | X | X | X | | | | |
| African Grey Hornbill | <i>Tockus nasutus</i> | | X | | | | | X | | | | |
| Silvery-cheeked Hornbill | <i>Bycanistes brevis</i> | | | | | | | | | | X | |
| Family Bucorvidae (Ground-hornbills) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Southern Ground-hornbill | <i>Bucorvus leadbeateri</i> | | | | | | | X | | | | |
| Family Lybiidae (African Barbets) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Red-fronted Barbet | <i>Tricholaema diademata</i> | | | | | X | | X | | | | |
| Red-and-yellow Barbet | <i>Trachyphonus erythrocephalus</i> | | X | | | | | | X | | | |
| Usambiro Barbet | <i>Trachyphonus usambiro</i> | | | | | X | | | | | | |
| d'Arnaud's Barbet | <i>Trachyphonus darnaudii</i> | | | X | | | | | | | | |
| Family Indicatoridae (Honeyguides) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Greater Honeyguide | <i>Indicator indicator</i> | | | | | | | X | | | | |
| Family Picidae (Woodpeckers) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Nubian Woodpecker | <i>Campethera nubica</i> | | | X | | X | | | | | | |
| Cardinal Woodpecker | <i>Dendropicos fuscescens</i> | | | X | | | X | | X | | | |
| Bearded Woodpecker | <i>Dendropicos namaquus</i> | | | X | | X | X | | | | | |

**Tanzania 2017
trip report and species lists**

| ENGLISH NAME | LATIN NAME | 24 th | 25 th | 26 th | 27 th | 28 th | 29 th | 30 th | 1 st | 2 nd | 3 rd | 4 th |
|---|---------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Family Alaudidae (Larks) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Rufous-naped Lark | <i>Mirafraga africana</i> | | | | X | X | X | X | X | X | | |
| Flappet Lark | <i>Mirafraga rufocinnamomea</i> | | | | | | | X | | | | |
| White-tailed Lark | <i>Mirafraga albicauda</i> | | X | | | | | | | | | |
| Red-capped Lark | <i>Calandrella cinerea</i> | | X | | | | | | | X | | |
| Beesley's Lark | <i>Chersomanes beesleyi</i> | | X | | | | | | | | | |
| Fischer's Sparrow-lark | <i>Eremopterix leucopareia</i> | | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | | |
| Family Hirundinidae (Swallows and Martins) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sand Martin | <i>Riparia riparia</i> | | | | | | | | | X | | |
| Banded Martin | <i>Riparia cincta</i> | | | | | | | | | X | | |
| Red-rumped Swallow | <i>Cecropis daurica</i> | | | | X | X | | X | X | X | X | |
| Lesser Striped Swallow | <i>Cecropis abyssinica</i> | | | | | | | X | | | | |
| Barn Swallow | <i>Hirundo rustica</i> | | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | X | |
| Wire-tailed Swallow | <i>Hirundo smithii</i> | | | | | | | X | X | X | X | |
| Family Motacillidae (Wagtails and Pipits) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| African Pied Wagtail | <i>Motacilla aguimp</i> | | X | X | X | | | X | | | | |
| Rosy-breasted Longclaw | <i>Macronyx ameliae</i> | | | | | | | | | X | | |
| African (=Grassland) Pipit | <i>Anthus cinnamomeus</i> | | X | | | X | | | | X | | |
| Plain-backed Pipit | <i>Anthus leucophrys</i> | | | | | X | | | | | | |
| Family Pycnonotidae (Bulbuls) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Dark-capped Bulbul | <i>Pycnonotus (barbatus) tricolor</i> | | X | | X | | | | X | X | X | |
| Family Muscicapidae (Chats and Flycatchers) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Northern Anteater Chat | <i>Myrmecocichla aethiops</i> | | | | X | | | | | X | | |
| African Stonechat | <i>Saxicola torquatus</i> | | | | X | | | | | | | |
| Capped Wheatear | <i>Oenanthe pileata</i> | | X | | | | | | X | X | | |
| Schalow's Wheatear | <i>Oenanthe schalowi</i> | | X | | X | | | | X | X | | |
| White-browed Scrub-robin | <i>Cercotrichas leucophrys</i> | | | | | | | | X | | | |
| Spotted Palm-thrush | <i>Cichladusa guttata</i> | | | | | | | | | | X | |
| White-eyed Slaty Flycatcher | <i>Dioptrornis fischeri</i> | | | | X | | | | | X | | |
| African Grey Flycatcher | <i>Bradornis microrhynchus</i> | | X | X | | | X | X | | | | |
| Silverbird | <i>Empidonax semipartitus</i> | | X | X | | | X | X | | | | |
| Family Sylviidae (Sylviid Warblers/Babblers) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Banded Parisoma | <i>Sylvia (=Parisoma) boehmi</i> | | X | | | | | | | | | |
| Family Phylloscopidae (Leaf Warblers) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Willow Warbler | <i>Phylloscopus trochilus</i> | | | | | X | X | X | | | | |
| Family Macrosphenidae (Crombecs and African Warblers) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Red-faced Crombec | <i>Sylvietta whytii</i> | | | X | X | X | | | | X | | |
| Family Cisticolidae (Cisticolas, Prinias, Apalises and allies) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Pectoral-patch Cisticola | <i>Cisticola brunescens</i> | | | | | | | | X | X | | |
| Zitting Cisticola | <i>Cisticola juncidis</i> | | | | | | X | H | H | | | |
| Croaking Cisticola | <i>Cisticola natalensis</i> | | | | | | | | X | | | |
| Rattling Cisticola | <i>Cisticola chiniana</i> | | | X | | X | X | X | X | | | |
| Siffling (=Short-winged) Cisticola | <i>Cisticola brachypterus</i> | | | | | | | | | X | | |
| Tawny-flanked Prinia | <i>Prinia subflava</i> | | | X | X | | | | | X | | |
| Buff-bellied Warbler | <i>Phyllolais pulchella</i> | | | X | | | | | | | | |
| Grey-backed Camaroptera | <i>Camaroptera brevicaudata</i> | | | X | | | | | | | | |
| Family Platysteiridae (Batises and Wattle-eyes) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Chin-spot Batis | <i>Batis molitor</i> | | | | | | | | X | | | |

Tanzania 2017
trip report and species lists

| ENGLISH NAME | LATIN NAME | 24 th | 25 th | 26 th | 27 th | 28 th | 29 th | 30 th | 1 st | 2 nd | 3 rd | 4 th |
|---|------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Family Leiotherichidae (Babblers) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Black-lored Babbler | <i>Turdoides sharpei</i> | | | | | X | X | X | | | | |
| Family Paridae (Tits) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Red-throated Tit | <i>Parus fringillinus</i> | | | | | X | | X | | | | |
| Family Zosteropidae (White-eyes) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Montane White-eye | <i>Zosterops polioastrus</i> | | | | X | | | | | | | |
| Family Nectarinidae (Sunbirds) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Bronze Sunbird | <i>Nectarinia kilimensis</i> | | | | | | | | | | X | |
| Golden-winged Sunbird | <i>Nectarinia reichenowi</i> | | | | X | | | | | | | |
| Eastern Double-collared Sunbird | <i>Cinnyris mediocris</i> | | | | X | | | | | | | |
| Beautiful Sunbird | <i>Cinnyris pulchella</i> | | X | X | X | X | X | | X | X | | |
| Variable Sunbird | <i>Cinnyris venusta</i> | | X | | | X | X | | | X | X | |
| Scarlet-chested Sunbird | <i>Chalcomitra senegalensis</i> | | X | | | X | X | | X | | X | |
| Family Laniidae (Shrikes) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Northern Fiscal | <i>Lanius (collaris) humeralis</i> | | X | X | X | | | | | X | X | |
| Taita Fiscal | <i>Lanius dorsalis</i> | | | | | X | | | | | | |
| Long-tailed Fiscal | <i>Lanius cabanisi</i> | | | X | | | | | | | | |
| Grey-backed Fiscal | <i>Lanius excubitoroides</i> | | | | | | X | X | | | | |
| Lesser Grey Shrike | <i>Lanius minor</i> | | X | X | | | | | | | | |
| Red-backed Shrike | <i>Lanius collurio</i> | | X | X | | | | | | | | |
| Magpie Shrike | <i>Corvinella melanoleuca</i> | | | X | | | | X | X | | | |
| Northern White-crowned Shrike | <i>Eurocephalus rueppelli</i> | | | X | | X | | X | X | | | |
| Family Malaconotidae (Bushshrikes) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Tropical Boubou | <i>Laniarius aethiopicus</i> | | | | X | | | | | | | |
| Slate-coloured Boubou | <i>Laniarius funebris</i> | | | X | | X | | | X | X | | |
| Brubru | <i>Nilaus afer</i> | | | | | X | | X | | | | |
| Black-backed Puffback | <i>Dryoscopus cubla</i> | | | | X | | | | | | | |
| Brown-crowned Tchagra | <i>Tchagra australis</i> | | | X | | | | | X | X | | |
| Family Dicruridae (Drongos) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Fork-tailed Drongo | <i>Dicrurus adsimilis</i> | | X | X | | | X | X | | | | |
| Family Corvidae (Crows) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Pied Crow | <i>Corvus albus</i> | | X | X | X | | | | | | X | |
| Cape Rook | <i>Corvus capensis</i> | | | | | | X | | X | | | |
| White-necked Raven | <i>Corvus albicollis</i> | | | | X | | | | | | | |
| Family Buphagidae (Oxpeckers) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Red-billed Oxpecker | <i>Buphagus erythrorhynchus</i> | | | X | | | | | | | | |
| Yellow-billed Oxpecker | <i>Buphagus africanus</i> | | | X | | X | X | X | X | X | | |
| Family Sturnidae (Starlings) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Ashy Starling | <i>Cosmopsarus unicolor</i> | | X | X | | | | | | | | |
| Red-winged Starling | <i>Onychognathus morio</i> | | | | X | | | | | | | |
| Rüppell's Starling | <i>Lamprotornis purpuropterus</i> | | | | | | | X | X | | | |
| Superb Starling | <i>Lamprotornis superbus</i> | | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | |
| Hildebrandt's Starling | <i>Lamprotornis hildebrandti</i> | | | | | X | X | | X | X | | |
| Wattled Starling | <i>Creatophora cinerea</i> | | X | X | | | X | X | X | X | | |
| Family Passeridae (Sparrows) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Kenya (=Rufous) Sparrow | <i>Passer rufocinctus</i> | | | | | | | | | X | | |
| House Sparrow | <i>Passer domesticus</i> | | | X | X | | X | | X | | | |
| Chestnut Sparrow | <i>Passer emini</i> | | X | | | X | | | | | | |
| Northern Grey-headed Sparrow | <i>Passer griseus</i> | | X | X | X | X | X | | | | | |

**Tanzania 2017
trip report and species lists**

| ENGLISH NAME | LATIN NAME | 24 th | 25 th | 26 th | 27 th | 28 th | 29 th | 30 th | 1 st | 2 nd | 3 rd | 4 th |
|--|----------------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Swahili Sparrow | <i>Passer suahelicus</i> | | | X | X | | | X | X | | | |
| Yellow-spotted Petronia | <i>Gymnoris pyrgita</i> | | | | | | | | X | | | |
| White-browed Sparrow-Weaver | <i>Pocep passer mahali</i> | | | X | | | | | | | | |
| Rufous-tailed Weaver | <i>Histurgops ruficauda</i> | | | X | | X | X | X | X | X | X | |
| Grey-capped Social-Weaver | <i>Pseudonigrita arnaudi</i> | | | | X | | | X | | | | |
| Family Ploceidae (Weavers) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| White-headed Buffalo-weaver | <i>Dinemellia dinemelli</i> | | X | X | X | | X | X | X | | X | |
| Red-billed Buffalo-weaver | <i>Bubalornis niger</i> | | | X | | X | X | X | X | | | |
| Black-headed (=Village) Weaver | <i>Ploceus cucullatus</i> | | | X | | | | | | | | |
| Lesser Masked Weaver | <i>Ploceus intermedius</i> | | | | X | | | | | | | |
| Vitelline Masked Weaver | <i>Ploceus vitellinus</i> | | | X | | X | X | X | X | | | |
| Speke's Weaver | <i>Ploceus spekei</i> | | | | | | | | | X | | |
| Baglafaecht Weaver | <i>Ploceus baglafaecht</i> | | | | X | | | | | | | |
| Golden-backed Weaver | <i>Ploceus jacksoni</i> | | | X | X | | | | | | | |
| Red-billed Quelea | <i>Quelea quelea</i> | | | X | | | | | | | | |
| Red-headed Weaver | <i>Anaplectes melanotis</i> | | | | | | | X | | | | |
| Speckle-fronted Weaver | <i>Sporopipes frontalis</i> | | | X | | | | | X | | | |
| Red-collared Widowbird | <i>Euplectes ardens</i> | | | | X | | | | | | | |
| Fan-tailed Widowbird | <i>Euplectes axillaris</i> | | | | | | | | | X | | |
| White-winged Widowbird | <i>Euplectes albonotatus</i> | | | X | | | | | | | | |
| Black Bishop | <i>Euplectes gierowii</i> | | | X | | | | | | | | |
| Yellow Bishop | <i>Euplectes capensis</i> | | | | | | | | | X | | |
| Yellow-crowned Bishop | <i>Euplectes afer</i> | | | | | | | | | | X | |
| Southern Red Bishop | <i>Euplectes orix</i> | | | X | X | | | | X | | | |
| Family Estrildidae (Waxbills) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Red-cheeked Cordon-bleu | <i>Uraeginthus bengalus</i> | | | X | | X | | | X | | | |
| Blue-capped Cordon-bleu | <i>Uraeginthus cyanocephalus</i> | | | X | | X | X | | | | | |
| Red-billed Firefinch | <i>Lagonosticta senegala</i> | | | X | | | | | | | | |
| Black-faced Waxbill | <i>Estrilda erythronotos</i> | | | | | X | X | | | | | |
| Grey-headed Silverbill | <i>Odontospiza griseicapilla</i> | | | | | X | | | | | | |
| African Quail-Finch | <i>Ortygospiza atricollis</i> | | | | | | X | X | X | X | | |
| Family Viduidae (Indigobirds and Whydahs) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Eastern Paradise Whydah | <i>Vidua paradise</i> | | | X | | | | | | | | |
| Pin-tailed Whydah | <i>Vidua macroura</i> | | | X | | X | | | | | | |
| Straw-tailed Whydah | <i>Vidua fischeri</i> | | | | | | | | | | X | |
| Steel-blue Whydah | <i>Vidua h ypocherina</i> | | | | | X | | | | | | |
| Village Indigobird | <i>Vidua chalybeata</i> | | X | X | | | | | | | | |
| Family Fringillidae (Finches) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Yellow-fronted Canary | <i>Crithagra mozambica</i> | | | | | X | X | | | | | |
| East African Citril | <i>Crithagra hyposticta</i> | | X | | | | | | | | | |
| Yellow-rumped Seedeater | <i>Crithagra reichenowi</i> | | | X | | | | | | | | |
| Streaky Seedeater | <i>Crithagra striolatus</i> | | | | | | | | | X | | |